Course Unit Title	Public Economics		
Course Unit Code	AFPE310		
Type of course unit	Business Elective		
Level of course unit	Bachelor (1st Cycle)		
Year of Study	3-4		
Semester when the unit is delivered	6-7		
Number of ECTS credits allocated	6		
Name of lecturer(s)	Dr. Petia Tanova		
Learning	By the end of the course, the students should be able to:		
Outcomes of the course unit	Categorize and examine market failures.		
course unit	2. Estimate the demand for public goods and asses various ways of their provision.		
	 Analyze social choices and discuss the effectiven preferences. 	ness of social	
	4. Examine advantages and shortcomings of the nat and discuss various methods of its regulation.	tural monopoly	
	Identify private and social costs and benefits and graphical analysis in their estimation.	apply formal and	
	6. Identify the goals and the nature of the taxation s	system	
	7. Discuss effects and drawbacks of different taxati	on systems	
	8. Identify and examine income inequalities		
Mode of Delivery	Face-to-face		
Prerequisites		NONE	
Recommended optional program components	NONE		
Course Contents	I. Introduction to Public Economics		
	Subject matter of public economics. Market functions and outcome Market failures. Merit and demerit goods. The rational of governme intervention. Different perspectives of the role of government Normative and positive economics.		
	II. Functional vs. Social Market Failures		
	Functional market failures. Public goods vs. private g of public goods. The 'tragedy of the commons'. Private		

benefits and costs and externalities. Asymmetric information. Moral hazard and adverse selection. Social market failures. Different approaches to the assessment of social market failures.

III. Objectives and Decision Modes. Types of Government Activity

Economic objectives of the society. Efficiency, growth, liberty and equality. Types of efficiency. Measurement of efficiency and its constraints. Pareto efficiency and welfare economics. The trade-off of efficiency and equity. Sustainable development. Development as freedom. Decision modes and types of government activity. Free markets, price controls, subsidies, taxation, non-price regulations, public enterprise.

IV. Public goods and Publicly Provided Private Goods

The rational of the production of public goods. The demand for public goods - the demand schedule and the demand curve. Methods of the provision of public goods. Efficiency conditions for public goods. Efficient government and a public good. The rational of the public provision of private goods. Subsidies.

V. Natural Monopoly and Antitrust

Natural vs. institutional monopoly. Natural monopoly vs. the market structure of pure monopoly. The welfare loss of the monopoly. Methods of regulation of natural monopoly. Price controls. Goals and principles of antimonopoly legislation. Sources of inefficiency of regulations. Competitive policies of the government

VI. Externalities and the Environment

Positive and negative externalities. Private and social costs and benefits - formal and graphical analysis. Private solutions to externalities. Public sector solutions to the externalities. Protection of the environment. The water problem in Cyprus

VII. Taxation and Government Redistribution of Income

The rational for taxation. Principles of taxation. Types of taxes. Costs of taxation in terms of consumer and producer surplus. Tax incidence. Price controls vs. taxation. Thee benefits of taxation.

VIII. Inequality in income distribution

Identification of income inequality. Income vs wealth inequality. Measuring inequalities: Lorenz curve and Gini coefficient. Government policies of redistribution of income.

IX. The Role of Government and Models of the Market Economy

The three economic problems and the rational of classification of three models of the market economy. The social welfare function. The guided market economy and its current crisis. The modified market economy and its achievements in the 21st century. The social market economy and its potential in the context of the Lisbon Agenda and Europe 2020

Recommended and/or required reading:

Okuli A. Equality and efficiency, the big trade-off. Brookings Institution Press: 1975 Przeworski A. States and Markets. A primer in Political Economy. Cambridge University Press, 2003 Stigler G. The Theory of Economic Regulation. Journal of Economics and Management Science 2 (1), 1971. Barr N. Economic The Economics of the Welfare State. Oxford University Press: 2004 Conklin D. Comparative Economic Systems: Objectives, decision modes, and the process of choice. Cambridge University Press 1991 Sen A. Development as freedom. Oxford University Press: 1999. Planned learning activities and teaching methods Ex cathedra lectures and discussions in class, by means of traditional tools or using computer demonstrations. Some of the key issues are revealed on the basis of simulation games. Topic notes are compiled by students, during the lecture which serve to cover the main issues under consideration and can also be downloaded from the lecturer's webpage. Further literature search is encouraged by assigning students to identify a specific problem related to some issue, gather relevant scientific information about how others have addressed the problem and report this information in written or orally. Students' teams (of two or three individuals) are assigned to study a current economic problem, related to the course subject, and approved by the instructor. The case study should be presented in class. Assessment methods and criteria Mid-term test 20% Case Study 10% Participation in discussions 10% Final Exam 60%				
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