Course Title	Ubiquitous Computing			
Course Code	WSS503			
Course Type	Compulsory (Both Specializations)			
Level	MSc (Level 2)			
Year / Semester	1/1			
Teacher's Name	Andreas Constantinides, PhD			
ECTS	10 Lectures / week 3 Laboratories / week 0			
Course Purpose	Ubiquitous Computing (<i>UbiComp</i>) touches on a wide range of topics including distributed computing, mobile computing, location computing, mobile networking, context-aware computing, sensor networks and many more, expands beyond the traditional challenges of those areas and more importantly demonstrates its value and importance through a device that lies on the backbone of UbiComp. That is, the cell phone, or more precisely the smarpthone where its advanced capabilites in terms of processing power and memory, its extended number of connection modalities and its unlimited number of sensors, made it one of the most widely adopted and ubiquitous computer ever existed. The purpose of this course is to provide students with advanced knowledge in emerging topics of ubiquitous computing in order to extend critical awareness of the issues and challenges associated with this area. Additionally, to allow students to identify and apply essential tools and techniques, as well as enhance their understanding on mobile systems. Furthermore, it covers a wide range of related topics such as context-awareness, privacy and personalization, mobile social networks and crowdsourcing via smartphones. Finally, it enables students to practice in various development platforms and toolkits to successfully design and develop smartphone applications.			
Learning Outcomes	 By the end of the course, students should be able to: Describe the emerging topics of ubiquitous computing, next generation mobile systems (e.g., smartphones, tablets) and their application areas. Identify and clearly describe the main challenges and issues of those areas. Apply appropriate methods and tools to tackle those issues and challenges. Creatively design and develop substantial smartphone applications involving distributed, peer-to-peer, client/server architectures. Show the ability to design and develop smartphone applications using various platforms, toolkits and third-party libraries on, for example, Android operating system. 			

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Prerequisites	None		Corequisites	None
Course Content	 This course consists of the following ten chapters: Chapter 1 is the introductory session for the whole module Chapters 2 & 3 deal with topics related to computing areas that lie at the foundations of ubiquitous computing such as distributed and mobile computing. Chapter 4 deals with topics associated with challenges and applications of pervasive and ubiquitous computing. Chapter 5 covers topics on context-aware computing and systems with focus on how mobile systems can sense the environment and adapt according to the available resources on their surroundings. Chapters 6-9 deal with several special topics related to Ubiquitous Computing and Smartphone Systems, including Location-Awareness and localization in both outdoor and indoor environments, Mobile Social Networks, Personalization and Privacy as well as Crowdsourcing with Smartphones. Chapter 10 deals with software development on smartphone systems with major focus on smartphone application development on Android operating system. 			
Teaching Methodology	The cours expected lectures to demonstration Lecture not platform) for theoretical solving spector to use the practice. Auditory ex- lectures, a topic issue assigned a Furthermones search is gather rele- problem, of in written a Moreover, demonstration	e is designed to to learn throug heatres, by n tition. otes and preser or students to u principles are of ecific problems u e subject's textl xercises, where re solved and fu es are compiled b as homework. re, group project encouraged to evant scientific i design and imple and orally, via a p a number of case methods and sy	o introduce and expl h lectures (3 hours neans of traditional ntations are available se in combination wit explained by means using practical example book or reference be examples regarding n rther, questions relate by the students and a cts are assigned to t identify a specific pro- nformation about how ement a solution as wo bresentation. Se study readings are and practical applica- ystems covered in the	ain the material students are per week) in classrooms or tools or using computer through the web (e-learning h the textbooks. Furthermore, of specific examples and for les. Students are also advised ooks for further reading and natter represented at the ed to particular open-ended nswered, during the lecture or the students, where literature oblem related to some issue, w others have addressed the vell as report the final solution also considered, so as to ability of mobile and ubiquitous e various units of this course.

	Case-studies can illustrate that what students have studied in each chapter is not just of academic or theoretical value but also has value in terms of improving real-life challenges.
Bibliography	The following textbooks are associated with topics considered at various points throughout this course.
	 John Krumm (2016), Ubiquitous Computing Fundamentals, CRC Press Dan Chalmers (2011) Sensing and Systems in Pervasive Computing: Engineering Context Aware Systems, Springer Jia W. and Zhou W. (2005) Distributed Network Systems: From Concepts to Implementations (Network Theory and Applications) 2005th Edition, Springer Pitoura E. and Samaras G. (1998), Data Management for Mobile Computing Kluwer Academic Publishers, The above textbooks are recommended as sources of additional reading for students so as to elaborate on the course's material. Students can also find additional examples that they can use for practice.
	 Furthermore, students are also encouraged to explore other online / print sources that are related to topics covered in this course such as the following: Rafael Alexandrou, Harris Papadopoulos, Andreas Konstantinidis, "Smartphone Indoor Localization using Bio-Inspired Modeling", Nature-Inspired Computation in Navigation and Routing Problems, Springer, 2019 Andreas Konstantinidis, Panagiotis Irakleous, Zacharias Georgiou, Demetrios Zeinalipour-Yazti and Panos K. Chrysanthis, "IoT Data Prefetching in Indoor Navigation SOAs", ACM Transactions on Internet Technology (TOIT'18), 20 pages, 2018. Wu, C., Yang, Z. and Liu, Y., 2015. Smartphones based crowdsourcing for indoor localization. Mobile Computing, IEEE Trans. on, 14(2), pp.444-457.A. Konstantinidis, G. Nicolaides, G. Chatzimilioudis, G. Evagorou, D. Zeinalipour-Yazti and P. Chrysanthis, "Radiomap Prefetching for Indoor Navigation in Intermittently Connected WiFi Networks", IEEE 16th Intern. Conference on Mobile Data Management (MDM '15), IEEE Press, 2015. Andreas Konstantinidis, Georgios Chatzimilioudis, Demetrios Zeinalipour-Yazti, Paschalis Mpeis, Nikos Pelekis, Yannis Theodoridis, "Privacy-Preserving Indoor Localization on Smartphones." IEEE Trans. on Knowledge and Data Engineering (TKDE '15), IEEE Computer Society, USA, 2015 C. Laoudias, G. Constantinou, M. Constantinides, S. Nicolaou, D. Zeinalipour-Yazti, and C. Panayiotu, "The airplace indoor positioning platform for android smartphones," IEEE Internet Computing, SI: Crowdsourcing with Smartphones", IEEE Internet Computing, SI: Crowdsourcing with Smartphones", IEEE Internet Computing, SI: Crowdsourcing, 2012.Andreas Konstantinidis, Demetrios Zeinalipour-Yazti, Panayiotis Andreou, George Samaras, and Panos Chrysanthis, "Intelligent Search in Social Communities of Smartphone Users", Distributed and
	 Y. Gu, A. Lo, and I. Niemegeers, "A survey of indoor positioning systems for wireless personal networks," Communications Surveys Tutorials, IEEE, vol. 11, no. 1, pp. 13–32, First 2009.
	 H. Liu, H. Darabi, P. Banerjee, and J. Liu, "Survey of wireless indoor positioning techniques and systems," Systems, Man, and Cybernetics, Part C: Applications and Reviews, IEEE Transactions on, vol. 37, no. 6, pp. 1067–

	 1080, Nov 2007. Online Textbook: Hanneman, Robert A. and Mark Riddle. 2005. Introduction to social network methods. Riverside, CA: University of California, Riverside. Chellappa, R.K. and Sin, R.G., 2005. Personalization versus privacy: An empirical examination of the online consumer's dilemma. Information Technology and Management, 6(2-3), pp.181-202. M. Gruteser and D. Grunwald. Anonymous usage of location-based services through spatial and temporal cloaking. In Proceedings of the 1st Intl. Conference on Mobile Systems, Applications and Services, MobiSys '03, pages 31–42, 2003. L. Sweeney. K-anonymity: A model for protecting privacy. Int. J. Uncertain. Fuzziness KnowlBased Syst., 10(5):557–570, Oct. 2002.
Assessment	The Students are assessed via continuous assessment throughout the duration of the Semester, which forms the Coursework grade and the final written exam. The coursework and the final exam grades are weighted 50% and 50%, respectively, and compose the final grade of the course.
	Various approaches are used for the continuous assessment of the students, such as class participation and laboratory work, group project design, implementation and presentation. The assessment weight, date and time of each type of continuous assessment is being set at the beginning of the semester via the course outline. An indicative weighted continuous assessment of the course is shown below:
	 Participation Activities (10% of total marks for module) One marked (group) project (30% of total marks for module) Presentation of group project One closed-book, 3-hour exam (50% of total marks for module)
	Students are prepared for final exam, by revision on the matter taught, problem solving and concept testing and are also trained to be able to deal with time constrains and revision timetable.
	The criteria considered for the assessment of each type of the continuous assessment and the final exam of the course are: (i) the comprehension of the fundamental concepts and theory of each topic, (ii) the application of the theory in solving related problems and (iii) the ability to apply the above knowledge in complex real-life problems.
	The final assessment of the students is formative and summative and is assured to comply with the subject's expected learning outcomes and the quality of the course.
Language	English