AEEE431 - Modern Control Systems Analysis

Course Title	Modern Control Systems Analysis				
Course Code	AEEE431				
Course Type	Technical Elective				
Level	BSc (Level 1)				
Year / Semester	4 th				
Teacher's Name	Assoc. Prof. Marios Lestas				
ECTS	6 Lectures / week 3 Laboratories/week 0				
Course Purpose	The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the basic concepts linear dynamical systems analysis using state space techniques. The developed competences in the form of analytical tools are aimed for be performance evaluation, in terms of system stability controllability and observability, and controller design using state feedback, state observers an optimal control techniques.				
Learning	By the end of the course, students must be able to:				
Outcomes	Identify basic elements of matrix algebra, eigenvalues and eigenvectors.				
	Identify state variables and derive state-space equations for dynamical systems.				
	Derive linear state space representations of non-linear systems.				
	 Derive Multiple Input Multiple Output transfer functions from state space equations and derive state space realizations. 				
	 Compute the state transition matrix and solve the standard Linear Time-Invariant (LTI) State Space Equation. 				
	6. Check for Controllability and Observability of LTI Systems using appropriate tests.				
	7. Analyse the stability of Dynamical Systems using the eigenvalues of the state matrix and Liapunov stability theorems.				
	8. Apply pole placement via state feedback techniques.				
	9. Recognize the role of observers and design linear state observes.				
	 Analyse feedback controller design in dynamic control systems using state Observer Design, Optimal control and Linear Quadratic Regulator (LQR) concepts. 				
Prerequisites	AEEE345, AMAT223 Corequisites None				
Course Content	Introduction: Review of matrix algebra, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Laplace Transforms.				



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	State Space Representation: State variables, State-space equations. Linearization of non-linear systems, Multiple Input Multiple Output Transfer functions, State space Realisation of Transfer Functions.
	Stability: Input Output Stability, Liapunov Stability, Poles, Zeros, Jordan Canonical Form.
	Linear time-invariant systems : State Transition Matrix, Solution of linear time-invariant state equations, Controllability and Observability Definitions, Controllability/Observability Matrices.
	Feedback Controller Design and Optimal Control: Pole placement with state feedback. State Observers. Optimal Control Design. Linear Quadratic Regulator (LQR) design, Riccati Equation.
Teaching Methodology	Students are taught the course through lectures (3 hours per week) in classrooms or lectures theatres, by means of traditional tools or using computer demonstration.
	Auditory exercises, where examples regarding matter represented at the lectures, are solved and further, questions related to particular open-ended topic issues are compiled by the students and answered, during the lecture or assigned as homework.
	Topic notes are compiled by students, during the lecture which serve to cover the main issues under consideration and can also be downloaded from the e-learning platform or the lecturer's webpage. Students are also advised to use the subject's textbook or reference books for further reading and practice in solving related exercises. Tutorial problems are also submitted as homework and these are solved during lectures or privately during lecturer's office hours.
	Furthermore, design projects may be assigned to the students, where literature search is encouraged to identify a specific problem related to some issue, gather relevant scientific information about how others have addressed the problem, implement to implement the design and report the results in written or orally. Where appropriate, taught material as well as examples and design problems are drawn from the recent research activities of the lecturer or other faculty members.
Bibliography	Textbooks: • R.C. Dorf and R.H. Bishop, <i>Modern Control Systems</i> , Pearson Prentice Hall 12 th Edition, 2011.
	References:
	G.F. Franklin, J.P. Powell and Enami-Naeini, <i>Feedback Control of Dynamic Systems</i> , Pearson Prentice Hall 7 th Edition, 2015.
	J. Dwight Aplevich, The Essentials of Linear State-Space Systems, Wiley Text Books.
Assessment	The Students are assessed via continuous assessment throughout the duration of the Semester, which forms the Coursework grade and the final written exam. The coursework and the final exam grades are weighted 40% and 60%, respectively, and compose the final grade of the course.
	Various approaches are used for the continuous assessment of the students,

such as mid-term written exam, oral exam, quizzes, design assignments and



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design projects. The assessment weight, date and time of each type of
continuous assessment is being set at the beginning of the semester via the
course outline. An indicative weighted continuous assessment of the course
is shown below:

•	Assignments	10%
•	Homework	10%
•	Mid-Term written exams	40%
•	Design Project	20%
•	Quizzes	20%

Students are prepared for final exam, by revision on the matter taught, problem solving and concept testing and are also trained to be able to deal with time constrains and revision timetable.

The criteria considered for the assessment of each type of the continuous assessment and the final exam of the course are: (i) the comprehension of the fundamental concepts and theory of each topic, (ii) the application of the theory in solving related problems and (iii) the ability to apply the above knowledge in more complex design problems. The above criteria are weighted 30%, 40% and 30%, respectively.

The final assessment of the students is formative and summative and is assured to comply with the subject's expected learning outcomes and the quality of the course

Language

English