## SCHOOL OF EDUCATIONAL SCIENCES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIAL WORK

(PDIS301 – Research Methodology II)

Course unit title:	Research Methodology II
Course unit code:	PDIS301
Type of course unit:	Obligatory
Level of course unit:	Advanced
Year of study:	3rd
Semester when the unit is delivered:	1nd – Fall Semester
Number of ECTS credits allocated :	5
Name of lecturer(s):	Irene Photiou
Learning outcomes of the course unit:	<ul> <li>To understand qualitative and quantitative research methods.</li> <li>To understand the basic theoretical principles of qualitative and quantitative social research.</li> <li>To become familiar with the collection and analysis of qualitative and quantitative data.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To be able to design qualitative and quantitative social research</li> <li>To be able to conduct qualitative and quantitative social research.</li> </ul>
Mode of delivery:	The main teaching methods are:
	Direct dialogue: The instructor select and formulate questions that lead the students to a specific cognitive goal.
	Brainstorming: The students are asked to express their ideas and thoughts for a subject, which is presented, to them by the instructor.
	Working groups: Students work in groups in order to discuss and exchange ideas on a topic of study.
Prerequisites:	Co-requisites:

Course contents:	<ul> <li>Introduction on the research methodology: Concept and characteristics of the research.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Concepts of research methods in social sciences. The relationship between qualitative and quantitative research methods.</li> </ul>
	Quantitative research: features, steps, sample, questionnaires.
	Qualitative research: strategies, tools and issues of qualitative research applications.
	- Types of interview
	- Observation
	- Content analysis
	- Speech Analysis (Logo-psychology)
	- Symbolic interaction
	- Interaction analysis
	- Social semiotics
	- Ideological analysis
	- Framing analysis
	- Grounded theory
	- Biographical analysis
	Coding and interpretation of quality data
Recommended and/or required reading:	Ιωσηφίδης, Θ. (2008). Ποιοτικές Μέθοδοι Έρευνας στις Κοινωνικές Επιστήμες (Qualitative Methods on Social Research) . Αθήνα: Κριτική. (In Greek)
Textbooks:	Instructor's notes
References:	
Planned learning activities and teaching methods:	Δαουτόπουλος, Γ. (2004). Μεθοδολογία Κοινωνικών Ερευνών (Methodology on Social Research. Θεσσαλονίκη: Ζυγός. (In Greek) Ιωσηφίδης, Θ. & Σπυριδάκης, Μ. (2006). (επιμ.) Ποιοτική Κοινωνική Έρευνα: Μεθοδολογικές Προσεγγίσεις και Ανάλυση Δεδομένων (Qualitative Social Research: Approaches and Data Analysis) . Αθήνα: Κριτική. (In Greek) Κυριαζή, Ν. (2003). Η Κοινωνιολογική Έρευνα: Κριτική Επισκόπηση των Μεθόδων και των Τεχνικών (Social Research. Critical Approach on Methods and Techniques) . Αθήνα: Ελληνικά Γράμματα. (In Greek) Παπαϊωάννου, Σ. (2007). Ζητήματα θεωρίας και μεθόδου των κοινωνικών επιστημών (Matters of Theory and Method of Social Sciences). Αθήνα: Κριτική. (In Greek) Τσιώλης, Γ. (2006). Ιστορίες ζωής και βιογραφικές αφηγήσεις (Life stories and biographical narratives). Η βιογραφική προσέγγιση στην κοινωνιολογική ποιοτική έρευνα. Αθήνα: Κριτική. (In Greek) Σταμέλος, Γ. και Δακοπούλου, Α. (2007). Η διατριβή στις Κοινωνικές

	Επιστήμες. Από τον σχεδιασμό στην υλοποίηση. (Inquiry of Social Research. Designing and Implementation. Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο. (In Greek) Ψαρρού, Μ. Κ. (2004). Επιστημονική Έρευνα. Θεωρία και Εφαρμογή στις Κοινωνικές Επιστήμες (Scientific Research. Thoery and Application on Social Research). Αθήνα: Τυπωθήτω. Louis, C. L. M. & Keith, Μ. (2007). Μεθοδολογία εκπαιδευτικής έρευνας (Methodology of Educational Research). Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο. (In Greek)
Assessment methods and criteria:	Test 30% Assignment 20% Final Paper 50%
Language of instruction:	Greek
Work placement(s):	The main teaching methods are:
	Direct dialogue: The instructor select and formulate questions that lead the students to a specific cognitive goal.
	Brainstorming: The students are asked to express their ideas and thoughts for a subject, which is presented, to them by the instructor.
	Working groups: Students work in groups in order to discuss and exchange ideas on a topic of study.